SAFETY DATA SHEET

HORNBY50MC023 - HORNBY MATCHED COLOUR AEROSOL SPRAY PAINT

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1. Product identifier Product name HORNBY50MC023 - HORNBY MATCHED COLOUR AEROSOL SPRAY PAINT Product number HORNBY50MC023 UFI UFI: K1SV-W0X3-000N-F2JX This SDS covers the following: AD6030 DARK GREEN 30, AD6064 GREY 64, AD6027 SEA GREY 27, AD6086 LIGHT OLIVE 86, AD6067 TANK GREY 67, AD6093 DESERT YELLOW 93, AD6063 SAND 63 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified uses Paint. Uses advised against Use only for intended applications. 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet JAMES BRIGGS Ltd. Supplier Salmon Fields Royton Oldham Lancashire OL2 6HZ 0161 627 0101 sds@jamesbriggs.co.uk 1.4. Emergency telephone number **Emergency telephone** +44 (0) 161 620 5400 SECTION 2: Hazards identification 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Classification (SI 2019 No. 720) Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229 Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 **Environmental hazards** Not Classified 2.2. Label elements Hazard pictograms

Hazard statements

Signal word

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Danger

Precautionary statements	 P102 Keep out of reach of children. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Contains	Acetone
Supplementary precautionary statements	P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures		
Acetone		30- < 60%
CAS number: 67-64-1	EC number: 200-662-2	
EUH066		
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
Petroleum gases, liquefied		30- < 60%
CAS number: 68476-85-7	EC number: 270-704-2	
Classification		
Flam. Gas 1A - H220		
Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280		

Xylene (mixture of isomers)		5 - <10%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H335		
STOT RE 2 - H373		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
1-methoxypropan-2-ol		1 - <5%
CAS number: 107-98-2	EC number: 203-539-1	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
2-butoxyethanol		1 - <5%
CAS number: 111-76-2	EC number: 203-905-0	
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		1 - <5%
CAS number: 108-65-6	EC number: 203-603-9	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
Titanium dioxide		1 - <5%
CAS number: 13463-67-7	EC number: 236-675-5	
EUH211		
Olaasifiastian		
Classification		
Not Classified		

Ethylbenzene	1 - <5%
CAS number: 100-41-4	EC number: 202-849-4
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	
Paraffin waxes and Hydroca	
CAS number: 8002-74-2	EC number: 232-315-6
Classification Not Classified	
Methyl methacrylate	<1%
CAS number: 80-62-6	EC number: 201-297-1
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335	
The Full Text for all R-Phrase	es and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.
SECTION 4: First aid measured	res
4.1. Description of first aid me	easures
General information	If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Due to the small packaging, the risk of ingestion is minimal. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel.
Skin contact	Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.
4.2. Most important symptom	as and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
Eye contact	Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting. Particles in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.	
4.3. Indication of any immediat	e medical attention and special treatment needed	
Specific treatments	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	ures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.	
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures		
6.1. Personal precautions, prot	ective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.	

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe ha	andling
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. The product is flammable. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Avoid contact with eyes.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.
7.2. Conditions for safe stor	rage, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Store in accordance with national regulations.
Storage class	Chemical storage. Aerosol containers and lighters
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
SECTION 8: Exposure con	trols/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Acetone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

Petroleum gases, liquefied

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³ Sk

1-methoxypropan-2-ol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 375 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 150 ppm 560 mg/m³ Sk

2-butoxyethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 50 ppm 246 mg/m³ Sk

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 274 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 548 mg/m³ Sk

Titanium dioxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust

Ethylbenzene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm 552 mg/m³ Sk

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 2 mg/m³ fume Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 6 mg/m³ fume

Methyl methacrylate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 208 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 416 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1210 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 2420 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 186 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 200 mg/m ³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day
PNEC	 Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l marine water; 1.06 mg/l STP; 100 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg Soil; 29.5 mg/kg

Xylene (mixture of isomers) (CAS: 1330-20-7)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 77 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 289 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 289 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 180 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 14.8 mg/m ³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 108 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.6 mg/kg/day
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.327 mg/l marine water; 0.327 mg/l STP; 6.58 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 12.46 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 12.46 mg/kg Soil; 2.31 mg/kg
	1-methoxypropan-2-ol (CAS: 107-98-2)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 369 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 553.5 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 553.5 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 183 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 43.9 mg/m ³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 78 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 33 mg/kg/day
PNEC	 Fresh water; 10 mg/l marine water; 1 mg/l Intermittent release; 100 mg/l STP; 100 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 52.3 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 5.2 mg/kg Soil; 4.59 mg/kg 2-butoxyethanol (CAS: 111-76-2)
DNEL	 Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 98 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 1091 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 246 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 125 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 89 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 59 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 426 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 147 mg/m³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 75 mg/kg/day General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 89 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 6.3 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 26.7 mg/kg/day
PNEC	 Fresh water; 8.8 mg/l marine water; 0.88 mg/l STP; 463 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 34.6 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 3.46 mg/kg Soil; 2.33 mg/kg Oral; 20 mg/kg

	Silicon dioxide (CAS: 7631-86-9)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 4 mg/m ³
	Titanium dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m ³ General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 700 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.184 mg/l - marine water; 0.018 mg/l - STP; 100 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 1000 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 100 mg/kg - Soil; 100 mg/kg
	Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro (CAS: 63449-39-8)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 63.5 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 450 mg/kg/day General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 225 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 4.5 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.003 mg/l - marine water; 0.001 mg/l - STP; 60 mg/l - Soil; 4640 mg/kg
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 330 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 44 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 71 mg/m ³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day
	Oct-1-ene (CAS: 111-66-0)
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.012 mg/l - marine water; 0.012 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 6.06 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 6.06 mg/kg - Soil; 1.25 mg/kg
8.2. Exposure controls	
Protective equipment	

Appropriate engineering controls

Eye/face protection

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn.

Hand protection	To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'- marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	Various colours.
Odour	Organic solvents.
Initial boiling point and range	-402°C (LPG)
Flash point	-104°C (LPG)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	1.4 - 10.9%(V)(LPG)
Vapour pressure	590 - 1760 KPa (LPG)
Auto-ignition temperature	365 °C / 689 °F (LPG)
9.2. Other information	
Volatility	Volatile.
Volatile organic compound	2004/42/IIB(e)840/839
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	

Conditions to avoid	Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised container: may burst if heated Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid the following conditions: Freezing.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	No specific requirements are anticipated under normal conditions of use.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	n products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological info	ormation	
11.1. Information on toxicologic	cal effects	
Toxicological effects	Information given is based on data of the components. The blended product has not been tested. No data is available for the mixture.	
Acute toxicity - oral		
ATE oral (mg/kg)	60,624.25	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	13,046.86	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	115.7	
Inhalation	Gas or vapour may irritate the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs.	
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the oesophagus and the gastrointestinal tract. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.	
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
Eye contact	May cause eye irritation. May cause serious eye damage.	
Route of exposure	Inhalation Ingestion Skin and/or eye contact	
SECTION 12: Ecological inform	nation	
12.1. Toxicity		
Toxicity	The product is not believed to present a hazard due to its physical nature.	
12.2. Persistence and degrada	bility	
Persistence and degradability	Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days. The other substances in the product are not expected to be readily biodegradable.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of this product. Exposure to aquatic environment unlikely.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. The product hardens to a solid, immobile substance.	

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.	
SECTION 13: Disposal conside	erations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods		
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations	
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.	
Waste class	16-05-04	
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1950	
UN No. (IMDG)	1950	
UN No. (ICAO)	1950	
UN No. (ADN)	1950	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	9	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (ADN)	AEROSOLS	
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	<u>s)</u>	
ADR/RID class	2.1	
ADR/RID classification code	5F	
ADR/RID label	2.1	
IMDG class	2.1	
ICAO class/division	2.1	
ADN class	2.1	
Transport labels		



ADR/RID packing group	None
IMDG packing group	None
ICAO packing group	None

ADN packing group None

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-D, S-U
ADR transport category	2
Tunnel restriction code	(D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulationsHealth and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment
Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Aerosol = Aerosol
Key literature references and sources for data	Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/
Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: : Expert judgement.
Revision date	05/04/2022
Revision	1
SDS number	10310
Hazard statements in full	 H220 Extremely flammable gas. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Liver, Kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs (Hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.